

George Eric Hoenig Ph 585-235-0660 Emil Garlewicz Ph 973-584-9661 Dave Knox Jr. Ph 717-569-6474 Denny Holmes Ph 410-507-2649 Wayne Hope Ph 804-379-0321 Tim Knox Ph 336-361-0393 www.concreteplants.com

MAIN OFFICE 821 West Benfield Road Severna Park, MD 21146

Phone 410.987.4542

Fax 410.987.3640

## **Conveyor Belt Tracking Guide**

## **BASIC RULES**

- I. The basic and primary rule of tracking a conveyor belt is simply "THE BELT MOVES TOWARD THAT END OF THE ROLL IT CONTACTS FIRST."
- II. The conveyor structure must be "TRUE" (relative to center-line) and LEVEL (side to side).
- III. All pulleys, snub rollers, carrying idlers, and return idlers must be SQUARE with the frame (perpendicular to belt center-line) and parallel to each other. Check by measuring diagonals – they should be equal.
- IV. BELT TENSION must be great enough:
  - a. To prevent slippage between the drive pulley and the belt, and
  - b. To force the belt to conform to the crown on the crowned pulleys, if they are used. Belt should not be over-tensioned. Consult your belt manufacturer.
- V. CLEANLINESS is essential to good belt tracking. Foreign matter in essence creates a new roll or pulley face, adversely affecting tracking.
- VI. The NORMAL SEQUENCE of training is to start with the return run, working toward the tail pulley; following with top run in the direction of belt travel. Start with the belt empty. After tracking is completed, run the belt with a full load and re-check tracking.
- VII. TRACKING ADJUSTMENT is done while the belt is running and should be spread over some length of the conveyor preceding the region of trouble. Permit the belt to run for several minutes and at least three full belt revolutions after idler has been adjusted to determine if additional adjustment is required. If the belt has over-corrected, it should be restored by moving back the same idler, and not be shifting additional idlers or rollers.
- VIII. "TRACKING EFFECTIVENESS" of a roll/crown is approximately proportional to the length of the unsupported span of belt approaching the roll up to a maximum of approximately 10'. If there is no such span, tracking effect of the roll is virtually non-existent. However, such a roll can induce camber into the belt as it leaves the roll.

## TROUBLESHOOTING TRACKING

1. ALL PORTIONS OF CONVEYOR BELT RUNNING TO ONE SIDE AT A GIVEN POINT ON STRUCTURE.

**Potential Problem**: One or more idlers immediately preceding trouble point not at right angles to the direction of belt travel.

**Try**: Advance, in the direction of belt travel, the end of the idler to which the belt has shifted. Square idlers.

Potential Problem: Conveyor frame or structure crooked.

**Try**: Stretch string along edge to determine extent and make correction. **Potential Problem**: One or more idler stands not centered under belt.

**Try**: Center them. Same as above. **Potential Problem**: Sticking idlers.

**Try**: Clean and lubricate.



George Eric Hoenig Ph 585-235-0660 Emil Garlewicz Ph 973-584-9661 Dave Knox Jr. Ph 717-569-6474 Denny Holmes Ph 410-507-2649 Wayne Hope Ph 804-379-0321 Tim Knox Ph 336-361-0393 www.concreteplants.com

MAIN OFFICE 821 West Benfield Road Severna Park, MD 21146 Phone 410.987.4542 Fax 410.987.3640

Potential Problem: Belt runs off terminal pulley.

Try: Check terminal pulley assignment. Check alignments of idlers approaching terminal pulley.

Potential Problem: Build up of material on idlers.

Try: Clean them. Install cleaning device.

Potential Problem: Structure not level and belt tends to shift to low side.

**Try**: Level structure.

PARTICULAR SECTION OF CONVEYOR BELT RUNS TO ONE SIDE AT ALL POINTS ON CONVEYOR.

Potential Problem: Belt not joined squarely.

**Try**: Square ends/resplice. **Potential Problem**: Bowed belt. **Try**: Tension it or replace.

Try. Tonolon R of Topiado.

CONVEYOR BELT RUNS TO ONE SIDE FOR LONG DISTANCE BED.

Potential Problem: Load being placed on belt off-center.

Try: Adjust chute and loading conditions so as to place load in the center of belt.

Potential Problem: Conveyor frame or structure crooked.

Try: Straighten it.

4. BELT IS ERRATIC - DOES NOT FOLLOW A PATTERN.

Potential Problem: Belt too stiff to train.

Try: Use self-aligning idlers. Increase tension/conforms to crowns. Use more flexible belt on

replacement.

Potential Problem: Tilt troughing idlers forward, but not over 2 degrees. Use more troughable

belt.

Try: Combination of causes listed under Paragraphs 2 and 3.

Correct loading first. Other causes can then be identified and corrected